

THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH

VOL. 17.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, DECEMBER 30, 1857.

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Sept. 9, 1857—1y.

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GORIN & GAZLAY,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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[Aug. 17, 1857—1y.]

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March 11, 1857—1y.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,

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OFFICE removed to East side of St. Clair street, over the Telegraph Office. Will practice Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and adjoining counties. Dec. 7, 1856—1y.

JOHN RODMAN,

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Office on St. Clair Street, next Door to Morse's Telegraph Office.

Will practice in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Oct. 28, 1853.

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Will attend to all business connected to them in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and other Courts which hold their sessions at Frankfort, Ky. One or both may always be found at the office, to give counsel or transact business. Frankfort, Jan. 6, 1852—1y.

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Will practice in all the courts held in Frankfort, and in the adjoining counties. He will attend particularly to the collection of debts in any part of the State. All business confided to him will meet with prompt attention.

Office on St. Clair street in the new building next door to the Branch Bank of Kentucky, over G. W. Craddock's office.

Feb. 20, 1857—1y.

BENJAMIN MONROE. JAMES MONROE

B. & J. MONROE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

James Monroe will attend to the collection of claims in central Kentucky; also, to the investigation of titles to land in Kentucky, on behalf of non-residents and others.

[April 9, 1856—1y.]

JOHN A. MONROE,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

Will practice Law in the Court of Appeals in the Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State Courts held in Frankfort, and will attend to the collection of Debts for non-residents in any part of the State.

Always at home, every communication will be promptly answered, and this his clients kept always advised of their affairs. And having determined to have all his briefs and arguments in the Court of Appeals printed, and copies furnished to his clients and counsel in the lower courts, all concerned will be fully informed how his duty has been performed.

He will, as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowledgments of Deeds, and other writings to be used or recorded in other States; and as Commissioner under the act of Congress, attend to the taking of depositions, affidavits, &c.

Office, "Old Bank," opposite the Mansion House Frankfort, Nov. 19, 1856—1y.

S. T. WALL. JOHN W. FINNELL

WALL & FINNELL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

COVINGTON, KY.

Office, Third Street, Opposite South and City Hall. W. & F. practice in the Courts of Kentucky, Campbell, Grant, Boone, and Nicholas, and the Court of Appeals, at Frankfort.

May 5, 1856—1y.

JOHN M. HARLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

Office on St. Clair Street, with J. & W. L. Harlan.

REFER TO

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July 23, 1853—1y.

ROBT. J. BRECKINRIDGE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

LEXINGTON, KY.

Office on Shortstreet between Limestone and Upperstreets. [May 23, 1856—1y.]

J. H. KINKEAD,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GALLATIN, MISSOURI.

Will practice in the Circuit and other Courts of Daviess, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

Office up stairs in the Gallatin House, adjoining county.

May 6, 1857—1y.

THOMAS A. MARSHALL

HAVING removed to Frankfort and resumed the practice of Law, will attend punctually to such cases as may be entrusted to him in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, and to such engagements as he may make in other Courts conveniently accessible. He will also give opinions and advice in writing, upon cases stated in writing, or on records presented to him. He will promptly attend to all communications relating to the business above described, and may at all times, except when absent on business, be found in Frankfort.

March 30, 1857—1y.

JOSHUA TEVIS,

Counselor and Attorney at Law,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

OFFICE—COURT PLACE, NEAR SIXTH STREET.

Residence—East of Sixth, near Broadway.

June 8, 1857—1y.

FRANK BEDFORD,

Attorney at Law,

VERSAILLES, KENTUCKY.

Dec. 1, 1856—1y.

T. N. LINDSEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Frankfort, Ky.

Will practice Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort and the adjoining counties. His office is at his residence, near P. Switzer's, entrance on Washington street.

Frankfort, Feb. 26, 1849, 751—1y.

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April 1, 1849—651—1y.

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Sept. 14, 1855—1y.

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LOUISVILLE, KY.

August 26, 1857—1y.

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GWIN & OWEN,

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MAIN STREET,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Jan. 30, 1857—1y.

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July 1, 1857.

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I AM THANKFUL to you for past favors, and hope by strict attention to business and by doing good work, to merit a continuance of the same in the following branches of my trade:

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All kinds of Zinc, White and Enamelled Finished Painting, Wall, Ceiling and all kinds of plain House and Roof painting done in the most durable manner. Mixed paints always for sale.

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June 24, 1857—1y.

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Beautiful styles of Bohemian, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.

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For sale in any quantity, either in bottles, suitable for the toilet, or otherwise, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.

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Mrs. M. T. RUNYAN, Principal.

Miss LAURA M. KENDALL, Teacher of Music.

THE Eighteenth Session of this School will commence on Monday, the 10th day of August, 1857, in the new and spacious School House, just erected for the purpose, at Greenwood.

EXPENSES PER SESSION.

Board, including Fuel and Lights, \$50 00

Tuition in English studies, 20 00

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Instructions in plain and ornamental needle work without charge.

No deduction for voluntary absence.

For further information address the Principal.

July 24, 1857—3m.

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Their custom is of the best, consequently prices very low.

Those wishing goods of superior quality

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

THOMAS M. GREEN, Editor.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1857.

The price of the DAILY COMMONWEALTH for the session will be \$1.50—and for the Weekly, 75 cents—invariably in advance.

We can supply extra copies of the Daily Commonwealth put up in wrappers ready for mailing, at two cents a piece. Orders left at the office or with our Reporters, in the Senate and House of Representatives, will be promptly attended to.

The Governor's house will be open for the reception of company from 8 o'clock until 11½ o'clock, on every Monday evening during the session of the General Assembly.

Notice.

Rev. N. M. CRAWFORD, D. D., President of the Western Theological Institute at Georgetown, Ky., will preach at the Baptist Church in this city, next Sabbath at 11 o'clock, P. M.

Dec. 30, 1857.

Jesse E. Hoskins, Esq.

You will greatly oblige many of your friends by consenting to become a candidate for County Judge of Woodford county.

Dec. 29, 1857.

MANY VOTERS.

We have received a copy of the Shelby News in which we find the subjoined article marked:

We notice that a correspondent of one of our Louisville exchanges states, that the Governor had signed the joint resolution fixing the 5th proximo for the election of United States Senator. We may be in error, but we cannot perceive why the resolution was presented to the Governor for his approval, or what induced him to sign it. We can not conceive that the Executive had anything to do in the matter. It was simply, only an agreement between the two houses after consultation as to the time they would execute a joint act—an act in which the Executive had no part or lot, which is beyond his official interference and control. The idea, that the Executive shall approve of that agreement of the two houses as to the day they will elect officers, involves his right to veto such resolution, and, under certain circumstances, thereby prevent the election of necessary officers to carry on the Government. In this case of United States Senator, the Constitution of the United States expressly says the Legislature shall appoint the time and manner of the election, and elect the Senator. But, give the Governor the privilege of approving or vetoing, the resolution fixing the time, and it is readily perceived that an election might be easily avoided at the proper time, and the right of appointment thus devolve upon the Executive himself.

We presume the subject referred to in the above article has never been discussed, and, with all respect for our esteemed contemporary of the News, we hardly think it admits of much discussion. An examination of the Constitution of Kentucky will, we think, set the matter at rest at once. The 23rd section of third article of the Constitution reads as follows:

"Every order, resolution, or vote, in which the concurrence of both houses may be necessary, except on a question of adjournment, shall be presented to the Governor, and before he shall take effect, he shall be approved by him; or, being disapproved, shall be repassed by a majority of all the members elected to both houses, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in case of a bill."

The only question then, is, whether or not it requires the concurrence of both Houses before the Legislature can go into the election of United States Senator. We take the position that it does; and, if we are right, the Constitution explicitly demands that such a joint resolution shall receive the approval of the Governor before going into effect. The Constitution is explicit upon this point, and we do not think there is any room for complaint against the Legislature for submitting their resolution fixing the 5th of January as the day for the election of United States Senator, to the Governor for his approval. Precedent has established such a custom and the Constitution directs it.

Dick Bolling's opponents for the nomination for the Clerkship of the Court of Appeals are endeavoring to make him out an Emancipationist. Now, if the Democratic party was not in a supposed majority, and Dick had the nomination, would not those very same Democrats bring the very same accusation against the anti-Democratic candidate, whoever he might be? We don't care a pinch of snuff who gets the nomination, and if the Democrats do not choose to nominate Dick we won't complain. But it really amuses us to see them bring the same old stale, worn-out, and rotten charges against a member of their own party which they have preferred against their political opponents.

In order to sustain Dick, his friends have thought it necessary to give him a certificate of good character, and accordingly the people have been informed by sundry resolutions from the Democrats of his county, that he is a gentleman of high moral standing. They have also published a list of the persons for whom he has voted as another recommendation of him for the Clerkship. If his votes should be taken into consideration either one way or the other, they should, in our opinion, defeat him, as they have been at most uniformly for Democrats. It is a very noticeable fact that the qualifications of the different Democratic candidates to discharge the duties of the office have not yet been discussed by the anonymous correspondents. Why are they so silent on this subject, in reality the most important one to the people? Do they think the only question to be taken into consideration is the efficiency of the candidates as party tacticians?

Thomas B. Monroe, Jr., of the Lexington Statesman, has been appointed Charge to Naples. This is a highly deserved compliment.—Paris Flag.

We know nothing whatever of Mr. Monroe's fitness for the position to which, it is said, he has been appointed, but we can safely say that there are few editors who deserve more at the hands of their party than he does. A thorough going and warm partisan, he has in a short time established for himself the deserved reputation of being one of the most fluent and graceful writers in the editorial profession in this State. Although occasionally somewhat ultra in his maintenance of Democratic doctrines, he has been uniformly courteous and dignified in his editorial career, rarely descending to personalities of any kind. Our intercourse with him professionally has been courteous and friendly, and we wish him all possible success in the mission upon which he is to be sent.

REVISING THE PLATFORM.—If the Democratic party has a plank in its platform on which fanaticism can stand and resist the authorities provided for the government of a Territory—if the doctrine of territorial self-government can enable faction to run riot over law and order, and to commit crimes of the deepest dye with impunity—in a word, if popular sovereignty is to be made a successful cloak for insurrection, rebellion and treason, it is high time that it be torn from our platform and rejected with universal scorn.—Union.

That is to say, if the Democratic Platform stands in the way, and prevents the Democratic Administration from ruling the Territories with arbitrary and despotic power, it is time to revise the Platform and strike out the clause which is found to be a stumbling block in their way.

Having used the "squatter sovereignty" principle to secure the election of a President, that President now attempts to give an entirely different construction to it from that which the people themselves placed upon it, and from its plain and obvious meaning; and when some of the leading spirits of the party come out honestly and say they cannot be parties to, or countenance any such fraud, they are at once denounced as refractory and ambitious, rebels and renegades.

MR. MORRIS' UNIVERSAL MASONIC LIBRARY.—We publish in another column a catalogue of this work, and deem it worthy of especial notice to all who are interested in the subject of Free Masonry. The want of a correct and complete series, in substantial and cheap form, of the many valuable publications upon this theme, has been universally acknowledged. Mr. Morris, whose labors in the Masonic ranks are generally known, has compiled, and at a very serious cost, has stereotyped and published, in a library of thirty volumes, every valuable work extant which relates to any department of Free Masonry. The History, Jurisprudence, Philosophy, and the Belles Lettres of the subject are thoroughly presented by its standard author, comprising such names as Oliver, Preston, Morris, Mackey, Hutchinson, Anderson, Calcutt, Smith, Town, Harris, De Verlot, Creigh, Portal, and others, of equal value.

The style of getting up is worthy of the subject, being bound in library form, remarkably substantial, the paper and typography of good character, and the whole series presenting a graceful view to the eye. The price is fixed at the moderate sum of Fifty dollars.

Every well informed Mason throughout the whole Union should supply himself with this valuable work, if it be possible to spare fifty dollars.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.—We have heretofore noticed this valuable "Woman's Friend." But the following, by that talented authoress, Mrs. STEPHENS, so beautifully describes its utility and value that we cannot refrain from giving it a place in our columns.—Messrs. WHEELER & IVES, of Lexington, are the general agents for Kentucky, for the sale of these machines.

"During the last six months we have had in our parlor, and among its most elegant adornments, too, a very beautiful sewing machine, from the establishment of Messrs. Wheeler & Wilson, on which it has been our ambition to become a proficient, when this well used pen has given us a moment's time for the needle. But, for the life of us, we cannot get over the idea that there is some fairy work growing under our fingers whenever we get a moment of this most delightful occupation. To see neatly stitched seams gliding through your fingers at the rate of a yard a minute, to see a shirt made in less time than it is necessary to cut it out—and a shirt bosom covered with tiny plaits, exquisitely stitched, completed almost while a lady could sew out a needle full of thread, partakes absolutely of the marvellous. One feels as if performing some beautiful magic while sitting so quietly before that dainty machine, with the pedals just touched into motion by the feet, as our old-fashioned flax-wheels were set in motion—and the pretty array of spools, and silver wheels, and sharp needles performing their regular music under your fingers. Then the swiftness of it—the satisfaction and glory of having all your sewing done up in a few hours—of seeing your pretty rosewood case shut up, covered with bijouterie, and turned into the most charming bit of ornamental furniture—all this making play of work, and making usefulness an elegant accomplishment. Our machine now will make three dresses—no matter how heavy or how fine—in far less time than the dress-maker requires to fit one. It will hem handkerchiefs, do all sorts of fancy stitching, and rival the daintiest work of the whitest fingers with magical neatness. What the steam engine proves compared to horse-power, this beautiful machine is when set in opposition to the slow, patient progress of the ordinary needle. It only requires a little care, a drop of olive oil now and then touched to the delicate mechanism, and you have the motive power of fifty seamstresses doing ornamental duty in your parlor; while out of active use, eating nothing, asking nothing, and never singing the mournful 'Song of the Shirt,' stitch, stitch, stitch."

This machine can be obtained at the store of Mrs. LYONS, St. Clair street, Frankfort, Ky.

MCLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORAL.—This remedy has been before the public only a short time, but it has proved to be an invaluable remedy to purify the blood and strengthen the system; every one who uses it recommends it to others, and it has become the standard remedy with every family in the United States. We say to every reader, try it—it is a delightful aromatic. See advertisement in another column.

COURT OF APPEALS.

MONDAY, Dec. 28, 1857.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Arthur v Bell, Knox; affirmed.
Trabue v Lander, Hancock; affirmed.
Williams v West, Wayne; affirmed.
Trot v Moore, Owsley; reversed.
Kirtley v Terrill, Rockcastle; reversed as to Kirtley, and affirmed as to Joplin.

ORDERS.

Wilson v Daniel, judgment, Clarke;
Gateskill v Gateskill, judgment, Clarke;
Hart v Eubank, judgment, Clarke;
Cunningham v Home, judgment, Clarke;
Cartwright v Cartwright, judgment, Clarke—were argued.

TUESDAY, Dec. 29, 1857.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Jones v Jones, Knox; dismissed for want of jurisdiction.
Anderson v Dickerson, Garrard; affirmed.
Hart v Eubank, Clarke; affirmed.
Cunningham v Home, Clarke; reversed.

ORDERS.

Blankenship v Hatcher, judgment, Lawrence; appeal dismissed for failure to file record.
Pike v Norris, (2 cases), judgment, Mason;
Lee v Noel, judgment, Mason;
Ranney v Richardson, judgment, Mason;
Huffman v same, judgment, Mason;
Hooten v Hooten, judgment, Clarke—were argued.

A clergyman, who was consoling a widow on the death of her husband, spoke in a very serious tone, remarking that "he was one of the few. Such a jewel of a Christian—you cannot find his equal, you well know." To which the sobbing fair one replied, with an almost broken heart, "I'll bet I will!"

Arrival of the Persia.

New York, Dec. 25.

The steamship Persia arrived at 9 o'clock this morning with Liverpool dates to the 12th. The Ariel arrived out on the 12th inst.

Advices from India had been received a fortnight later.

The Calcutta dates to the 17th of September and Bombay to the 17th of November.

Gen. Havelock was still hemmed in at Lucknow, the force of the mutineers amounting to about 57,000.

No communication had been received for a month, and it was believed the garrison would hold out.

Sir Colin Campbell was expected to reach there in a few days with 10,000 men.

Numerous successful encounters with the mutineers had occurred at various points.

Sir James Outram's force had been terribly reduced, and the total number in the residency was supposed to be not more than 1,400 besides women children, and wounded. There were besides about 800 men with a great army of camp followers at Alumbagh, believed to be without the means of communicating with those at Lucknow (estimated at 70,000,) but it was nevertheless considered certain that the garrison could hold out till the 10th of November, before which time Sir Colin Campbell would be before Lucknow with an army of 1,000 men, including his own highland brigade, 800 cavalry, and a very heavy train of artillery.

The mutineers had burned all the wounded soldiers that fell into their hands at the siege of Delhi.

The regular semi-monthly mail would arrive at Calcutta on the 11th of December, with later dates from Calcutta to the 11th and Bombay to the 17th of November.

Lucknow still held out, although no communication had been had with the besieged. Heavy fighting and slaughter are said to have taken place. Troops were pouring into India at the rate of 2,000 a week.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, in Parliament, moved for a select committee to inquire into the operations of the bank of 1844 and of the bank of Scotland and Ireland of 1845, and that the committee be instructed to inquire the causes of the recent commercial distress and to investigate how far it has been affected by the laws for regulating the issue of bank notes payable on demand.

The Leeward had only been moved a few inches since the departure of the Adriatic. Owing to the giving away of the mooring tackle, it was feared, as the vessel reached a slight incline, that her progress would be even slower than it had been.

The city article in the Times of the 12th says the demand for money is gradually diminishing, and a belief is entertained that when a reduction of the bank rate is commenced the downward movement will be rapid.

Gold was daily flowing into the bank in large sums. The returns for the week ending December 20th show an increase in bullion of £703,022, the amount held being £5,363,129.

The stoppage of the Worcester Bank of Fairley & Co. was announced. The concern has long been a weak one, and its liabilities are supposed to be small. Six additional failures also took place in London, including Heine, Lemon, & Co., in the German trade, with liabilities estimated £700,000; Menholt, Werner, & Co.; also a German house, liabilities between \$250,000 and \$300,000; Elmhurst & Co., in the same trade; Moytoy & Co., a Spanish firm; and T. G. Ward, cattle salesman; liabilities of these not stated.

Russia.—A Berlin letter stated that the disturbing influence of the American panic had extended as far as Warsaw, where numerous manufacturers had failed.

Accounts from St. Petersburg of November 30th represent that the winter had set in very severely. The navy was frozen up, and navigation was completely stopped.

It is stated that the Cabinet of St. Petersburg has peremptorily denied the right claimed by Austria and England, under the treaty of Paris, of intercepting Russia from blockading the Circassian ports.

France.—The Bank of France has gained a large amount of specie and a still further reduction of the rates of interest was anticipated.

The Government has granted a credit of one million francs to relieve the distressed.

Spain.—An amnesty had been granted for political offenses and to persons condemned to light punishment, and a great many promotions had also taken place.

Belgium.—The election took place on the 12th, and as far as known the result was decidedly in favor of the liberals.

China.—Dates from Hong Kong are to Oct. 30th. The English forces were preparing for the assault of Canton.

The American ship Lone Star, bound from Maulmain to Quezestown, foundered at sea. The crew were saved.

Brazil.—The dates from Rio Janeiro are to the 15th of November and from Montevideo to the 5th. At Rio, coffee was dull but steady; nothing was loading for the United States. Sugars had declined. Sterling exchange quoted at 27½. Freights dull and lower.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.

The Secretary of War this afternoon received a telegraphic dispatch from Lieutenant General Scott, dated New York, in which Gen. S. says he has received good news from the Utah expedition. Col. Johnston and Smith's commands were up with Col. Alexander, and the whole body were marching upon Fort Bridges, which was only sixteen miles off, on the 7th of November. The troops were in high spirits. There was just snow enough to protect the grass from fire.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 25.

The steamship Tennessee has arrived from Vera Cruz with dates from the city of Mexico to the 17th.

Another revolution occurred in Mexico on the 10th. The garrison at Toluca had pronounced for dissolving Congress, overthrowing the Constitution, and declaring Comofort Dictator.

Vera Cruz had followed the example, and it was supposed that the rest would follow the latter.

The Yucatan reactionists had captured Sisal, which was afterwards retaken by the Government troops.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.

There was much rowdyism in the streets last night. Several shooting affairs occurred in the suburbs. Two resulted fatally. It is reported that a woman cut her husband's throat.

Douglas arrived in town last night and is stopping at the Girard House. A large crowd assembled at midnight and called upon him for a speech. The call was complied with. Colonel Forney, of the Press, followed. Douglas received a large number of visitors during the day. A call for a meeting favorable to the administration has been issued. The meeting will be held on Monday night.

BUFFALO, Dec. 25.

The variety store of Henry Hart, 171 Main street, was destroyed by fire about four o'clock this morning, together with a stock valued at \$20,000. Insured in Eastern companies for \$10,000. The building was owned by Wm. A. Sutton, valued at \$10,000, and insured in the Buffalo Mutual office for \$2,000. The stock of H. Stillman, dealer in hats, caps, and furs, the next door south, was damaged by water to the amount of \$6,000—insured in Massachusetts companies for \$4,000. The stock of Tweddy & Smith, hat, cap, and fur dealers, next door north of H. Hart's, was also damaged by water to the amount of \$2,000—also covered by insurance.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.

The War Department this morning received dispatches confirmatory of previous advices.—All the troops in the Utah expedition have concentrated near Fort Bridges in comparatively comfortable condition. The reported advance of the fifth infantry from the Mormons is untrue.

All the vacant lands heretofore withdrawn from sale or entry lying within of six miles on each side of the lands granted to Iowa in 1836 for railroad purposes having been released, they will be restored to private entry at the several land offices in that State on the 15th of February.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Masonic Notice.

At a regular meeting of Hiram Lodge, No. 4, on Monday, 28th Dec. 1857, the following gentlemen were elected and installed officers for the ensuing year:

THE OFFICERS ARE

G. B. MACKLIN, M.
W. B. FRANKLIN, S. W.
A. CONNERY, J. W.
GEO. W. LEWIS, Sec'y
A. G. HODGES, Treas.
H. STEARNS, S. D.
JNO. M. TODD, J. D.
C. N. JOHNSTON, S. & T.

The regular meetings of the Lodge are held on the 2d and 4th Mondays of each month.—Members of the Legislature who are Masons and other transient brethren are invited to attend.

G. W. LEWIS, Sec'y.

December 30, 1857—tf.

Great Inducements Offered.

A large and splendid assortment of Dress and Party Silks, just received per Express, by T. S. & J. R. PAGE, St. Clair street, consisting in part of BLUE AND PURPLE SILKS, Velvet Side Stripes, BLUE AND PINK SILKS, Fringed Side Stripes, PINK AND WHITE AND GOLD BROADENINGS, BLUE AND REAL SILVER LAMA, MALTESE POINT AND HONITON LACE CAPES, VALENTIENES BOTTLES.

To all of which great bargains are offered to purchasers. Besides the above you will always find a fine assortment of Staple Goods. Call early and get bargains at T. S. & J. R. PAGE.

Dec. 28, 1857—tf.

MRS. HERRINGSMITH

Invites the particular attention of the Ladies, and especially the Gentlemen, that she has on hand a great many articles suitable for Christmas Presents; a fine assortment of Hand Dresses, Fancy Hair Pins, Bonnets, Furs, and a great many fancy articles; suitable for Christmas and New Year's presents.

Dec. 23, 1856—dlw

Notice.

An election for President and three Directors of the Frankfort Woolen Company, will be held at the counting room of John Watson & Co., in the city of Frankfort, on the 9th day of January, 1858.

By order of a majority of the STOCK HOLDERS

Dec 19—td.

IF We are authorized to announce GEORGE B. HARRIS as a candidate for the office of State Librarian.

Dec 15, 1857—tc.

IF We are requested to announce Major M. D. WEST, as a candidate for State Librarian.

Dr. VON MOSCHISKER, the well known Oculist and Aurist, and sole owner of his celebrated Pantoscopic Glasses is now at the Phoenix Hotel, Lexington. Deafness and all diseases of the Eye which require either medical or surgical operation treated and restored in a very few visits. [See Lexington papers.]

Dec 10, 1857—td.

Franklin Division, No. 28, S. of T., Meets every Saturday night in the upper room of the Court House. Members of the Legislature, and other visitors who are Sons of Temperance are cordially invited to attend. By order of the Division.

WILLIAM FLYNN, W. P.

R. LONG, Rec. Sec'y.
Dec. 8, 1857—cf.

I. O. O. F.

CAPITOL LODGE No. 6, I. O. O. F., meets every Monday night at 7 o'clock. Transient members are respectfully invited to attend.

J. J. HAMPTON, Rec. Sec'y

PILGRIM ENCAMPMENT No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets the second and fourth Thursday nights. Transient members of the Camp are respectfully invited to attend. J. J. HAMPTON, Scribe.

Dec. 9—td.

Cove Mill Flour.

The undersigned will keep a supply of FLOUR, BRAN, SHORTS, AND CRUSHED CORN, for sale at Hanna's Block, No. 3, Main Street; his flour he warrants in every instance.

Dec. 4, 1857—td.

R. C. STEELE.

Wheat Wanted.

At the COVE MILL, by R. C. STEELE.

Dec. 4, 1857—td.

To the Public.

The undersigned have in course of preparation, and propose to publish as early as possible, a volume which shall contain, in concise form, and conveniently arranged for reference, a synopsis of the existing laws regulating the jurisdiction and duties of the inferior judicial, and ministerial offices of the State, as prescribed by the Revised Statutes and the Civil and Criminal Codes, as well as by the laws passed subsequently thereto, including whatever changes may be made by the General Assembly now in session.

This book will contain, under appropriate heads, a condensed abstract of the laws applicable to each office, as well as a great variety of approved forms, such as forms of Warrants, (civil and criminal,) Indictments, Presentments, Bonds, Judgments, Orders, Returns, Reports, Depositions, Sheriff's Deeds, Petitions, &c. In short, it will contain every form necessary to be used by Presiding Judges, Justices, Sheriffs, Constables, Marshals, Assessors, Coroners, Clerks of Circuit and County Courts, Examiners, Commissioners in Chancery, other Commissioners, Surveyors, &c., in the discharge of every duty imposed by law.

This work has been undertaken after consultation with many of the most distinguished lawyers in our State. The radical changes made by the Revised Statutes and the Codes of Practice, in their opinion, render such a work necessary, in order that the various inferior judicial and ministerial officers of the State may properly discharge their respective duties. The frequent change of officers by election, and their consequent want of familiarity with the different modes of proceeding, is an additional consideration in favor of the importance of such a book.

In the general plan and preparation of this book we have secured the assistance of the most eminent lawyers in the State, and no form will be published by us until it shall have been first approved by them, or unless we find that it has been sanctioned by judicial decisions.

JAMES MONROE,
JNO. M. HARLAN.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 15, 1857.

W. R. SAMUEL
WITH
DURKEE, HEATH & CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WILL take great pleasure in waiting upon any of his friends and acquaintances of Franklin and adjoining counties, who may favor him with a call or order.

[Nov. 30, 1857—tf.]

Christmas Books.

We have just received a handsome assortment of CHRISTMAS BOOKS. Call and examine before purchasing. No trouble to show goods.

MORRIS & HAMPTON.

December 12, 1857—td.

Special Notice.

350 BUSHELS CLARK COUNTY BLUE Grass Seed in store and for sale by Dec. 4—td.

W. A. GAINES.

800 Barrels Salt for Sale.

A first rate article, low for Cash. Nov. 18, 1857—td.

R. C. STEELE & Co.

CATALOGUE OF THE UNIVERSAL MASONIC LIBRARY.

THE thirty volumes now stereotyped, embrace the following works, all of an approved and standard character.

Volume First—Directory of Symbolical Masonry, including the Royal Arch, by George Oliver, D. D., 350 pages. The Book of the Lodge, or Officers Manual; by the same, 113 pages.
Volume Second—Symbol of Obedience, by the same; 310 pages. Spirit of Masonry, by William Hutchinson; 245 pages.
Volume Third—Illustrations of Masonry, by William Preston; 405 pages.
Volume Fourth—Antiquities of Masonry, by Oliver; 260 pages. Masonic Discourses, by Theodorus Mason Harris; 176 pages.
Volume Fifth—History of Freemasonry, from 1829 to 1857, by Oliver; 137 pages. Mirror for the Johnnie Mason, by the same; 110 pages. Star in the East, by the same; 91 pages.
Volume Sixth—Disquisitions of Masonry, by Wellins Calcutt; 176 pages. Masonic Manual, by Rev. Jonathan Ashe; 231 pages.
Volume Seventh—Revelations of a Square, by Oliver; 328 pages. Introduction to Freemasonry, Anonymous; 87 pages.
Volume Eighth—History of Initiation, by Oliver; 234 pages. History and Illustration of Freemasonry, Anonymous; 91 pages.
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Volume Thirteenth—Sundry Leaves from a Freemason's Note Book, Anonymous; 105 pages. Apology for the Order; Translated from the French; by H. W. Thorpe; 41 pages. The Masonic Scheme, by Oliver; 46 pages. Imagines of the Royal Arch, by the same; 35 pages. The Secret Discipline, Anonymous; 37 pages.
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Proclamation by the Governor.

\$200 REWARD.

WHEREAS it has been made known to me that FRANKLIN A. WILLIAMS did, on the 24th day of Dec. 1857, kill and murder WILLIAM POTTER, in the city of Louisville, and has since fled from justice:

1